

SAMPLE BALLOT

OFFICIAL BALLOT  
GENERAL ELECTION  
November 06, 2012  
TULSA COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

PRECINCT 729999-AB 15  
Precincts: 001, 004, 006, 007, 010,  
013, 014, 015, 016, 019, 025, 026,  
027, 030, 031, 174, 175

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TO VOTE:  
FILL IN THE BOX NEXT TO YOUR  
CHOICE(S) LIKE THIS:



Correct



Incorrect

STRAIGHT PARTY

A straight party vote is a vote for all  
candidates of that party in partisan races.

STRAIGHT PARTY VOTING

(Vote for One)

☐ DEMOCRATIC



☐ REPUBLICAN



PRESIDENTIAL

ELECTORS FOR PRESIDENT  
AND VICE PRESIDENT

(Vote for One)

☐ FOR PRESIDENT AND VICE  
PRESIDENT

BARACK OBAMA

JOE BIDEN

DEMOCRAT

FOR ELECTORS

[ISABEL BAKER

[DOUG DODD

[CARL DOWNING

[CONNIE JOHNSON

[JUDY EASON McINTYRE

[MACK MILLER

[MARTHA SKEETERS

☐ FOR PRESIDENT AND VICE  
PRESIDENT

MITT ROMNEY

PAUL RYAN

REPUBLICAN

FOR ELECTORS

[DAVID HOLT

[LYNN WINDEL

[LAWRENCE A. WILLIAMSON

[JOE PETERS

[MARK THOMAS

[JASON COWEN

[DUANE CRUMBACHER

CONGRESSIONAL OFFICERS

FOR UNITED STATES  
REPRESENTATIVE  
DISTRICT 01

(Vote for One)

☐ JOHN OLSON  
DEMOCRAT

☐ JIM BRIDENSTINE  
REPUBLICAN

☐ CRAIG ALLEN  
INDEPENDENT

LEGISLATIVE AND COUNTY  
OFFICERS

FOR STATE SENATOR  
DISTRICT 11

(Vote for One)

☐ JABAR SHUMATE  
DEMOCRAT

☐ DAVE BELL  
REPUBLICAN

☐ CURTIS J. MULLINS  
INDEPENDENT

COUNTY QUESTIONS

PROPOSITION NO. 1

Shall the County of Tulsa, Oklahoma, by its  
Board of County Commissioners, levy and  
collect a thirty one percent of one percent  
(.310%) sales tax for the purpose of promoting  
economic development within Tulsa County,  
Oklahoma, and/or to be applied or pledged  
toward the payment of principal and interest on  
any indebtedness, including refunding  
indebtedness, incurred by or on behalf of  
Tulsa County, Oklahoma for such purpose,  
such sales tax to commence on the first day of  
January, 2017, and continuing thereafter for  
thirteen (13) years from the date of  
commencement of such tax?

☐ FOR THE  
PROPOSITION - YES

☐ AGAINST THE  
PROPOSITION - NO

PROPOSITION NO. 2

Shall the County of Tulsa, Oklahoma, by its  
Board of County Commissioners, levy and  
collect a twenty nine percent of one percent  
(.290%) sales tax for the purpose of acquiring,  
constructing, furnishing and equipping capital  
improvements to be owned by Tulsa County,  
Oklahoma, incorporated municipalities located  
in whole or in part within Tulsa County,  
Oklahoma, or the State of Oklahoma or any  
instrumentality thereof and /or to be applied or  
pledged toward the payment of principal and  
interest on any indebtedness, including  
refundng indebtedness, incurred by or on  
behalf of Tulsa County, Oklahoma or  
incorporated municipalities located in whole or  
in part within Tulsa County, Oklahoma for such  
purpose, such sales tax to commence on the  
first day of January, 2017, and continuing  
thereafter for thirteen (13) years from the date  
of commencement of such tax?

☐ FOR THE  
PROPOSITION - YES

☐ AGAINST THE  
PROPOSITION - NO

JUDICIAL RETENTION

Vote separately on each justice or judge:  
they are not running against each other.

JUSTICES OF THE OKLAHOMA  
SUPREME COURT

SUPREME COURT DISTRICT 3  
Shall NOMA D. GURICH of the OKLAHOMA  
SUPREME COURT be retained in office?

☐ YES

☐ NO

SUPREME COURT DISTRICT 4

Shall YVONNE KAUGER of the OKLAHOMA  
SUPREME COURT be retained in office?

☐ YES

☐ NO

SUPREME COURT DISTRICT 7

Shall JAMES E. EDMONDSON of the  
OKLAHOMA SUPREME COURT be retained  
in office?

☐ YES

☐ NO

SUPREME COURT DISTRICT 8

Shall DOUGLAS L. COMBS of the  
OKLAHOMA SUPREME COURT be retained  
in office?

☐ YES

☐ NO

JUDGES OF THE OKLAHOMA  
COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEALS

COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEALS  
DISTRICT 1

Shall CLANCY SMITH of the OKLAHOMA  
COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEALS be retained  
in office?

☐ YES

☐ NO

COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEALS  
DISTRICT 4

Shall ARLENE JOHNSON of the OKLAHOMA  
COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEALS be retained  
in office?

☐ YES

☐ NO

COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEALS  
DISTRICT 5

Shall DAVID B. LEWIS of the OKLAHOMA  
COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEALS be retained  
in office?

☐ YES

☐ NO

JUDGES OF THE OKLAHOMA  
COURT OF CIVIL APPEALS

COURT OF CIVIL APPEALS  
DISTRICT 3 - OFFICE 1

Shall P. THOMAS THORNBRUGH of the  
OKLAHOMA COURT OF CIVIL APPEALS be  
retained in office?

☐ YES

☐ NO

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ALL PRECINCTS

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COURT OF CIVIL APPEALS  
DISTRICT 4 - OFFICE 1

Shall WILLIAM C. HETHERINGTON, JR. of the OKLAHOMA COURT OF CIVIL APPEALS be retained in office?

- ☐ YES  
☐ NO

COURT OF CIVIL APPEALS  
DISTRICT 5 - OFFICE 1

Shall KENNETH L. BUETTNER of the OKLAHOMA COURT OF CIVIL APPEALS be retained in office?

- ☐ YES  
☐ NO

COURT OF CIVIL APPEALS  
DISTRICT 5 - OFFICE 2

Shall ROBERT BOBBY BELL of the OKLAHOMA COURT OF CIVIL APPEALS be retained in office?

- ☐ YES  
☐ NO

COURT OF CIVIL APPEALS  
DISTRICT 6 - OFFICE 1

Shall E. BAY MITCHELL, III of the OKLAHOMA COURT OF CIVIL APPEALS be retained in office?

- ☐ YES  
☐ NO

STATE QUESTIONS

STATE QUESTION NO. 758  
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 358

This measure amends the State Constitution. It amends Section 8B of Article 10.

The measure deals with real property taxes also called ad valorem taxes. These taxes are based on several factors. One factor is the fair cash value of the property.

The measure changes the limits on increases in fair cash value. Now, increases are limited to 5% of fair cash value in any taxable year.

The measure changes the cap on increases to 3% for some property. The 3% cap would apply to homestead exempted property. The cap would also apply to agricultural land.

The measure also removes obsolete language.

SHALL THE PROPOSAL BE APPROVED?

- ☐ FOR THE PROPOSAL - YES  
☐ AGAINST THE PROPOSAL - NO

STATE QUESTION NO. 759  
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 359

This measure adds a new section to the State Constitution. It adds Section 36 to Article II.

The measure deals with three areas of government action. These areas are employment, education and contracting.

In these areas, the measure does not allow affirmative action programs. Affirmative action programs give preferred treatment based on race, color or gender. They also give preferred treatment based on ethnicity or national origin. Discrimination on these bases is also not permitted.

The measure permits affirmative action in three instances. 1. When gender is a bonafide qualification, it is allowed. 2. Existing court orders and consent decrees that require preferred treatment will continue and can be followed. 3. Affirmative action is allowed when needed to keep or obtain federal funds.

The measure applies to the State and its agencies. It applies to counties, cities and towns. It applies to school districts. It applies to other State subdivisions.

The measure applies only to actions taken after its approval by the people.

SHALL THE PROPOSAL BE APPROVED?

- ☐ FOR THE PROPOSAL - YES  
☐ AGAINST THE PROPOSAL - NO

STATE QUESTION NO. 762  
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 360

This measure amends Section 10 of Article 6 of the Oklahoma Constitution. It changes current law, decreasing the power and authority of the Governor by removing the Governor from the parole process for persons convicted of certain offenses defined as nonviolent offenses. It enlarges the power and authority of the Pardon and Parole Board by authorizing that Board, in place of the Governor, to grant parole to persons convicted of certain offenses defined as nonviolent offenses.

The Legislature defines what offenses are nonviolent offenses and the Legislature may change that definition.

The measure authorizes the Pardon and Parole Board to recommend to the Governor, but not to itself grant, parole for persons convicted of certain offenses, specifically those offenses identified by law as crimes for which persons are required to serve not less than eighty-five percent of their sentence prior to being considered for parole and those designated by the Legislature as exceptions to nonviolent offenses. For those offenses for which persons are required to serve a minimum mandatory period of confinement prior to being eligible to be considered for parole, the Pardon and Parole Board may not recommend parole until that period of confinement has been served.

SHALL THE PROPOSAL BE APPROVED?

- ☐ FOR THE PROPOSAL - YES  
☐ AGAINST THE PROPOSAL - NO

STATE QUESTION NO. 764  
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 361

This measure amends the Oklahoma Constitution. It adds a new Section 39A to Article 10. It would allow the Oklahoma Water Resources Board to issue bonds. Any bonds issued would be used to provide a reserve fund for the Board. The fund would be a reserve fund for certain water resource and sewage treatment funding programs. The fund could only be used to pay other bonds and obligations for the funding programs. The bonds could only be issued after other monies and sources are used for repayment. The bonds would be general obligation bonds. Not more than Three Hundred Million Dollars worth of bonds could be issued. The Legislature would provide the monies to pay for the bonds. The Legislature would provide for methods for issuing the bonds. The Legislature would provide for how the fund is administered.

SHALL THE PROPOSAL BE APPROVED?

- ☐ FOR THE PROPOSAL - YES  
☐ AGAINST THE PROPOSAL - NO

STATE QUESTION NO. 765  
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 362

The measure amends the Oklahoma Constitution. It abolishes the Oklahoma Department of Human Services, the Oklahoma Commission of Human Services and the position of Director of the Oklahoma Department of Human Services. These entities were created under different names by Sections 2, 3 and 4 of Article 25 of the Oklahoma Constitution and given duties and responsibilities related to the care of the aged and needy. The measure repeals these sections of the Constitution and consequently, removes the power of the Commission of Human Services to establish policy and adopt rules and regulations. Under the measure, the Legislature and the people by initiative petition retain the power to adopt legislation for these purposes.

The measure adds a provision to the Constitution authorizing the Legislature to create a department or departments to administer and carry out laws to provide for the care of the aged and the needy. The measure also authorizes the Legislature to enact laws requiring the newly-created department or departments to perform other duties.

SHALL THE PROPOSAL BE APPROVED?

- ☐ FOR THE PROPOSAL - YES  
☐ AGAINST THE PROPOSAL - NO

STATE QUESTION NO. 766  
LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 363

This measure amends Section 6A of Article 10 of the Oklahoma Constitution. At present that section exempts some intangible personal property from ad valorem property taxation. This measure would exempt all intangible personal property from ad valorem property taxation.

An ad valorem property tax is a tax imposed upon the value of property.

Intangible Personal Property is property whose value is not derived from its physical attributes, but rather from what it represents or evidences.

Intangible Personal Property which is still currently taxed but would not be taxed if the measure is adopted, includes items such as:

- patents, inventions, formulas, designs, and trade secrets;
- licenses, franchise, and contracts;
- land leases, mineral interests, and insurance policies;
- custom computer software; and
- trademarks, trade names and brand names.

If adopted, the measure would apply to property taxation starting with the tax year that begins on January 1, 2013.

SHALL THE PROPOSAL BE APPROVED?

- ☐ FOR THE PROPOSAL - YES  
☐ AGAINST THE PROPOSAL - NO